



**Universität  
Zürich<sup>UZH</sup>**

**Department of Business Administration - Chair for Entrepreneurship**

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# **A Primer in Entrepreneurship**

Prof. Dr. Ulrich Kaiser

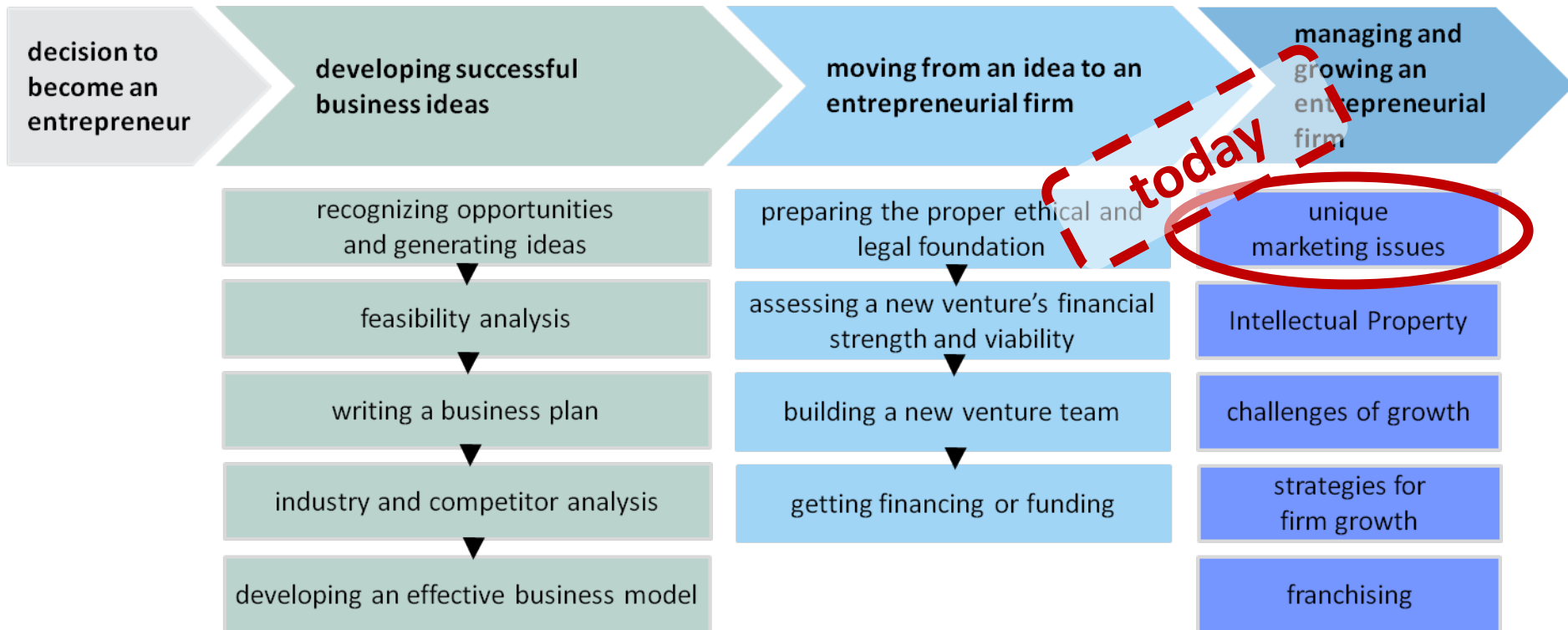
Chair of Entrepreneurship

Universität Zürich

Fall 2016



## Content





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# **A Primer in Entrepreneurship**

## **Part IV Managing and Growing an Entrepreneurial Firm**

### **Lecture 11**

### **Unique Marketing Issues Confronting New Ventures**

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## **Agenda**

### **1. The Three Step Process**

1.1 Market Segmentation

1.2 Target Market

1.3 Positioning

### **2. Keys to Success**

### **3. Marketing Mix**



## Questions



How does an entrepreneur define its target market and position its firm?



What are the two main keys to success ?



What is a Marketing Mix and which elements does it contain?

**...to be answered in today's lecture.**



## **1 The Three Step Process**

**A firm must address two important questions in order to succeed.**





# 1 The Three Step Process

Following the three step process, you need to segment the market, determine the target market and establish a unique position within the target market.





## 1.1 Market Segmentation

The market is divided into groups of customers which are similar enough that the same product/ service will appeal to them.

**TO BE ACCOMPLISHED!**

**H**omogeneous groups of buyers in regard to their wants and needs

**S**egments having smaller differences within the segment than across segments

**S**egments being distinct to easily identify members

**S**egments whose size is determinable to determine potential





## 1.2 Target Market

Since market segments are often too large to be targeted successfully most firms target a niche within a segment.

**MARKET** a place within a market segment that represents a  
**NICHE** narrower group of customers with similar interests.

- ➡ understand the market
- ➡ meet its customers' needs
- ➡ become an expert
- ➡ provide customers with high levels of value and service

we

make

it

Anmelden



Was ist wemakeit?

Projekt starten

Projekte entdecken

Hilfe

Events

D F E

Gefällt mir

15.239

# Audio Delict – 1.Album

Endlich isch es so wiit! Audio Delict het s'1.Album ufgno...mit dinere Unterstütztig chömer euses Werk au allne live und uf CD zeige...als gegzug erwartet dich interressanti und verlockendi Agebot!

Inhalt News 2 Unterstützer 63 Kommentare

Ein Projekt von Audio Delict, Musik, Zürich.



Gefällt mir

Teilen

110

Tweet

0

Einbetten

## Projektstatus



6'420

von CHF 10'000 finanziert



63

Unterstützer



26

Tage verbleiben bis zum Ziel

Unterstützen!

## Belohnungen

CHF

25.-

4 vergeben

## Euses Projekt

Mir hend jetzt lang und viel dra gschaftt bis mr 12 Songs



## 1.3 Positioning

A firm establishes a position in order to differentiate itself from its competitors.

part of a market/  
segment the firm is  
claiming as its own

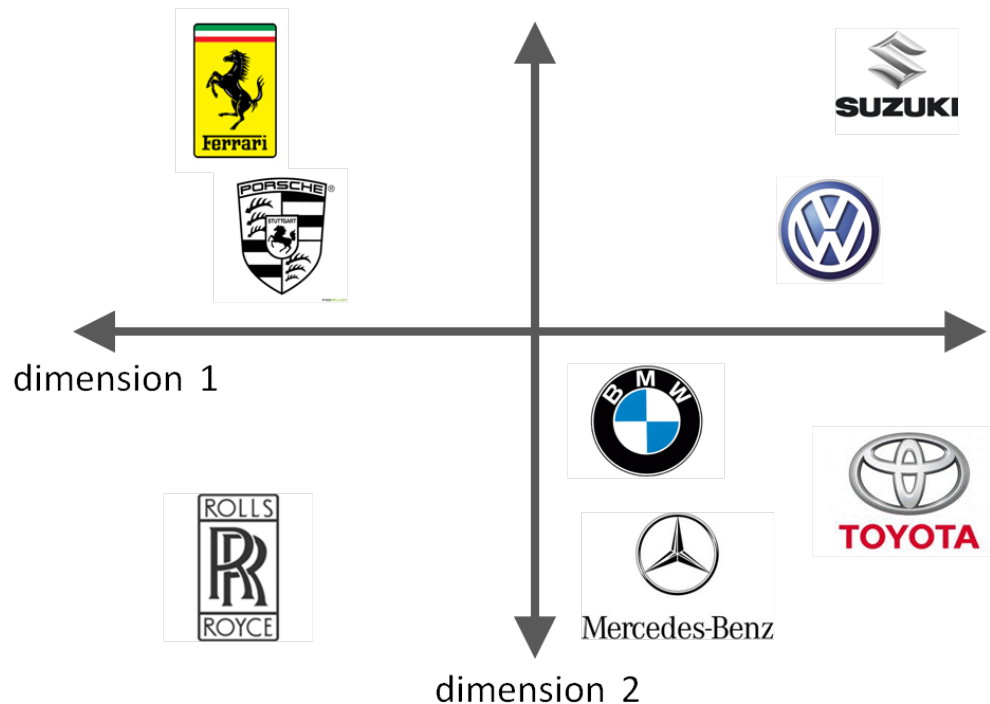
### POSITION

how the firm is  
situated relative to  
its competitors

A position is established in its customers' minds by consistently drawing attention to its product's attributes that define the essence of what the product is and what separates it from its competitors.

## 1.3 Positioning

Fictive example of the positioning of automobiles



possible dimensions:

- Safety
- Design
- Sportiness
- Status
- Resale Value
- etc.

## 1.3 Positioning

Firms often develop a tagline to reinforce the position they have staked out in their market.

A phrase that is used consistently in a company's literature, advertisements, promotions, stationery, and even invoices, and thus becomes associated with the company:



**NOKIA**  
Connecting People



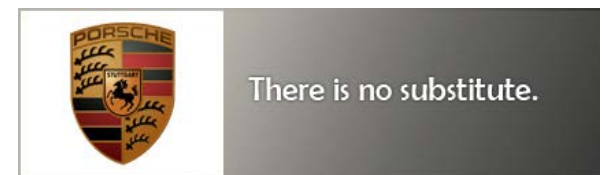
 **myspace**  
a place for friends



**HAVE IT YOUR WAY®**

**Audi**  
Truth in Engineering 

**NIKE®**  
**JUST DO IT.**





## **2 Keys to Success**

### **Selling benefits rather than features.**

A positioning or marketing strategy that focuses on the features of a product, such as its technical merits, is usually much less effective than a campaign focusing on the merits of the product.

## 2 Keys to Success

While features are nice, they typically do not entice someone to buy a product.

Our cell phones are equipped with sufficient memory to store 100 phone numbers.

**NO**

**GO**

Our cell phones let you store up to 100 phone numbers, giving you the phone numbers of your family and your friends at your fingertips.



## 2 Keys to Success

A strong brand can be a very powerful asset.

**BRAND** a set of positive or negative attributes that people associate with a company

### **BRAND MANAGEMENT**

monitoring the integrity of the brands, protecting the image and value of an organization's brand in consumers' minds

### **BRAND EQUITY**

the term denotes the set of attributes and liabilities that are linked to a brand and enables it to raise a firm's valuation



## 2 Keys to Success

There are different ways of thinking about the meaning of a brand.

A brand is an **EXPECTATION** of performance.

A brand is an unwritten **WARANTEE**.

A brand is a  
**PROMISE.**

A brand is a **GUARANTEE.**

A brand is a  
**REPUTATION.**

A brand is a collection of **MEMORIES.**

A brand is a **PLEDGE.**

A brand is a mark of **TRUST**  
and **REDUCED RISK.**



## **2 Keys to Success**

**A firm may develop a brand on a philosophical and a practical level.**

### **PHILOSOPHICAL**

creating value and having  
meaning in its customers' lives

### **PRACTICAL**

building through techniques, such as advertising,  
public relations, sponsorships, support of social  
causes, and good performance.



Source: [http://www.ikea.com/ms/en\\_GB/about\\_ikea/press\\_room/student\\_info.html](http://www.ikea.com/ms/en_GB/about_ikea/press_room/student_info.html)

## IKEA marketing strategy

The IKEA vision, business idea and market positioning statement provide a framework for all IKEA marketing communication worldwide.

The IKEA vision is **"To create a better everyday life for the many people."**

Our business idea is **"To offer a wide range of well designed, functional home furnishing products at prices so low that as many people as possible will be able to afford them."**

Our market positioning statement is **"Your partner in better living. We do our part, you do yours. Together we save money."**

By communicating the content of this framework and encouraging customers to experience the IKEA concept, we are building the IKEA brand. The IKEA brand is the sum total of the emotional and rational values that consumers associate with the IKEA trademark and the reputation of our company. The brand image is the result of over 50 years work by IKEA co-workers at all levels all over the world.




What we do, what we say, the products we offer, the price we offer them at, the presentation of our range and the information we provide our customers all contribute to our image. The overall task of IKEA marketing communication is to build the IKEA brand and inspire people to come to the stores.

## 2 Keys to Success

Co-branding refers to a relationship between two or more firms where the firm's brands promote each other.












## 2 Keys to Success BrandZ TOP 100 Global Brands 2012

brand		brand value (\$ M)	brand value change 2011 vs. 2010
1.	 Apple	153,285	84 %
2.		111,498	-2 %
3.		100,849	17 %

SOURCE: <http://www.marketingweek.co.uk/Journals/2011/05/11/TheBrandZTop100GlobalBrands.pdf>










## 2 Keys to Success

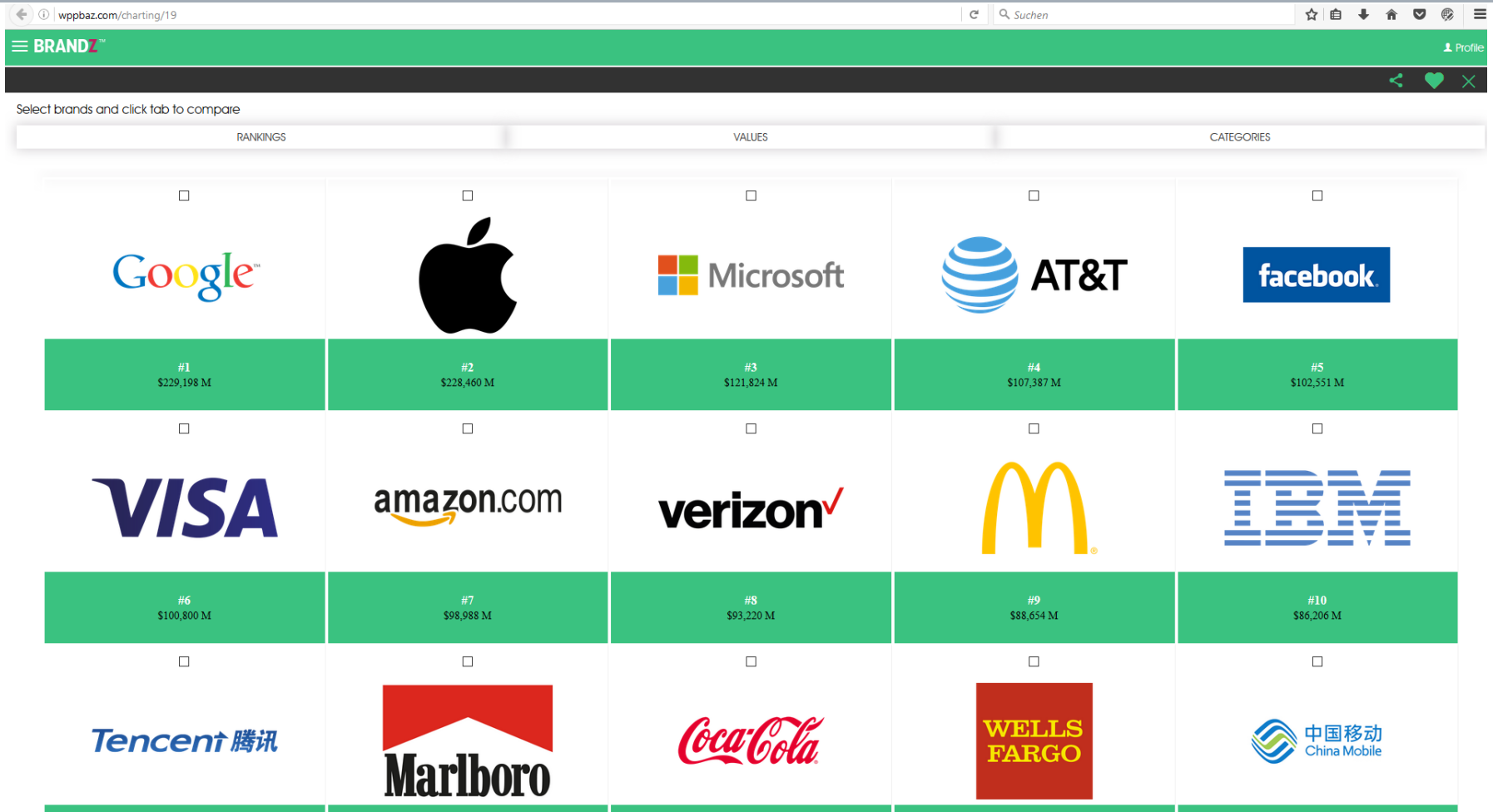
### BRANDZ™ Top 100 Most Valuable Global Brands 2014

	Brand	Category	Brand value 2014 \$M	Brand contribution	Brand value % change 2014 vs 2013	Rank change
1		Technology	158,843	3	40%	1
2		Technology	147,880	4	-20%	-1
3		Technology	107,541	4	-4%	0
4		Technology	90,185	4	29%	3
5		Fast Food	85,706	4	-5%	-1
6		Soft Drinks	80,683	4	3%	-1
7		Credit Card	79,197	4	41%	2
8		Telecoms	77,883	3	3%	-2
9		Tobacco	67,341	3	-3%	-1

## 2 Keys to Success

# BRANDZ™ TOP 100 MOST VALUABLE GLOBAL BRANDS 2015

	Brand	Category	Brand Value 2015 \$M	Brand Contribution	Brand Value % change 2015 vs 2014	Rank change
1		<b>Technology</b>	246,992	4	67%	1
2		<b>Technology</b>	173,652	4	9%	-1
3		<b>Technology</b>	115,500	4	28%	1
4		<b>Technology</b>	93,987	4	-13%	-1
5		<b>Payments</b>	91,962	4	16%	2
6		<b>Telecom Providers</b>	89,492	3	15%	2
7		<b>Telecom Providers</b>	86,009	3	36%	4
8		<b>Soft Drinks</b>	83,841	5	4%	-2
9		<b>Fast Food</b>	81,162	4	-5%	-4







## 2 Keys to Success

There is a difference between positioning and branding.

The **brand** is all about the attributes and **promises** that people associate with a company.

The **position** is all about the **details**.

### 3 Marketing Mix

A marketing mix is the set of controllable, tactical marketing tools that is used to produce the desired response in the target market.

**What are the 4P  
of Marketing ?**

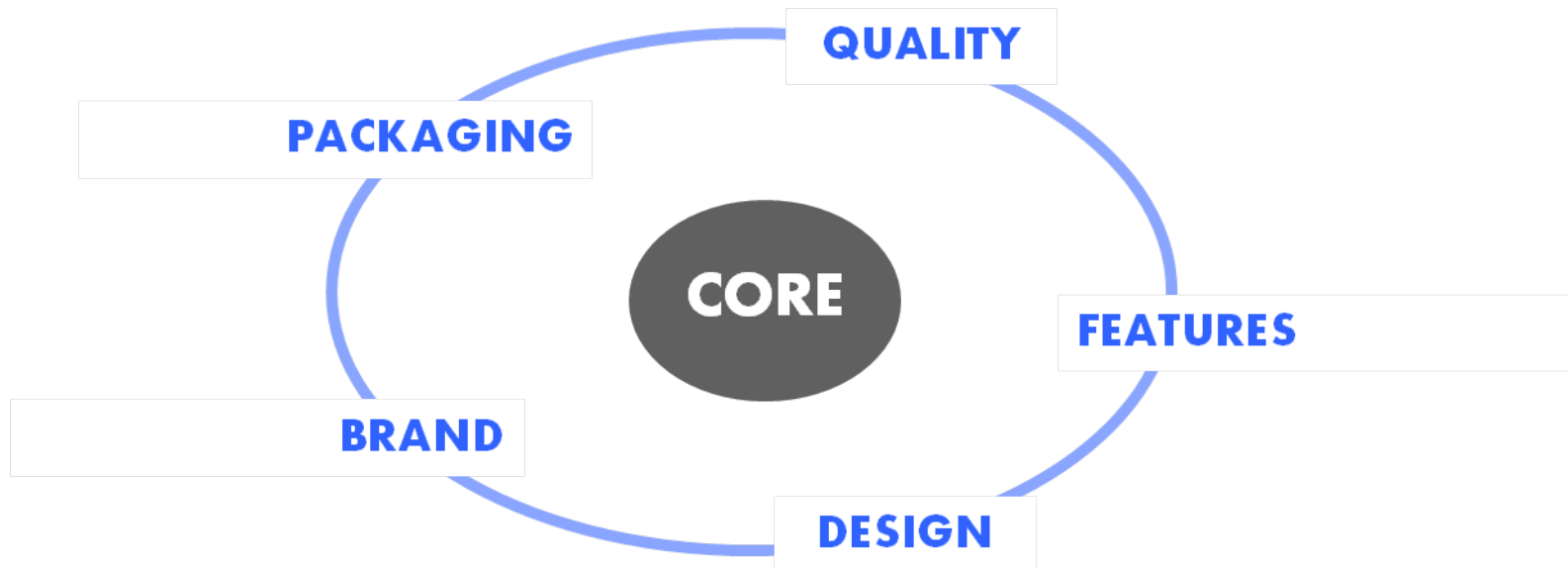
**4P**



## 3.1 Product

Determining the product/ service to be sold is central to the firm's entire marketing effort.

# THE CONSUMER BUYS THE **ACTUAL** PRODUCT



## 3.2 Price

The price is the amount of money consumers pay to buy a product and is the only element of the marketing mix that produces revenue.

straightforward and easy to justify  
**BUT** difficulties in determining the costs

### **COST-BASED**

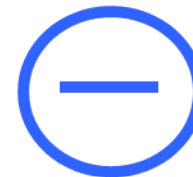
product's  
costs



markup percentage

### **VALUE-BASED**

consumers' willingness  
to pay



cushion

recommended since it hinges  
on the consumer's perception  
of what a product is worth



## 3.2 Price

Regardless of the method of pricing, a company cannot charge a premium price without delivering on its positioning and branding promises, and unless circumstances are right.

### DEMAND

- Demand for the product is strong relative to supply.
- Demand for the product is inelastic.

### PRODUCT

- The product is patent protected and has a clearly defined target market.
- The product offers additional features that are valued.
- A new technology is being introduced.
- The product is positioned as a luxury product.

**PREMIUM  
PRICE**



## **3.3 Promotion**

**A firm needs to communicate the merits of its product to its target market in order to persuade people to buy the product.**

**ADVERTISING**

**PUBLIC RELATIONS**



## 3.3 Promotion

Advertising is used by entrepreneurs to promote their firms.

- ! raise costumers' awareness of a product
- ! explain a product's comparative benefits
- ! create associations between a product and a certain lifestyle

**identify the purpose**

**determine target audience**

**select a medium**

**create the ad**

**select place & time**

**fulfill expectations**

### 3.3 Promotion

Public relations refers to a number of techniques.







## **3.3 Promotion**

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XB12ityDQgM> (WOZ/UBS)

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aKlqGYRuvbk> (Swiss Mountain Cleaners)

<https://youtu.be/ZUG9qYTJMsI> (Dollar shave club)

<https://youtu.be/bU64GI0Aj3A> (Dollar beard club)

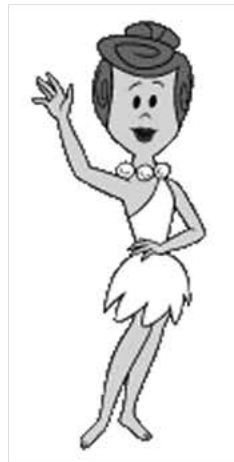
## 3.4 Place

A firm's product needs to move from its place of origin to the consumer by taking a distribution channel.

**product's  
place of origin**



**consumer**



## 3.4 Place

Many firm sell directly to costumers.



**producer**



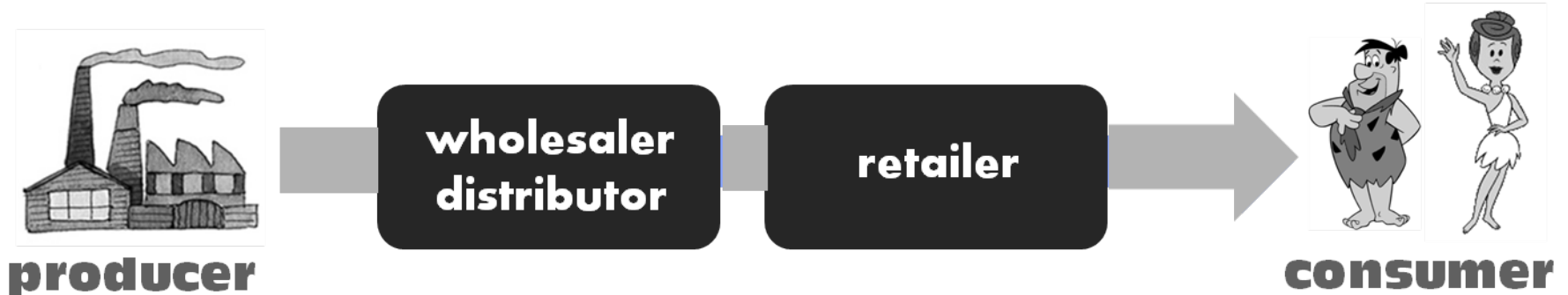
**consumer**

**PRO** control

**CON** capital tied up in fixed assets

## 3.4 Place

Firms that sell through intermediaries typically pass off their products to wholesalers who place them in retail outlets to be sold.



**PRO** less capital tied up in fixed assets

**CON** loss of control



## Do you know the answer ?



How does an entrepreneur define its target market and position its firm?



What are the two main keys to success ?



What is a Marketing Mix and which elements does it contain?

**...test yourself.**



## **References**

Barringer, B. and D., Ireland (2008): Entrepreneurship - Successfully Launching New Ventures, Pearsons Prentice-Hall.

## Outlook

